

# MONSOONS OVER IDEALIZED CONTINENTS

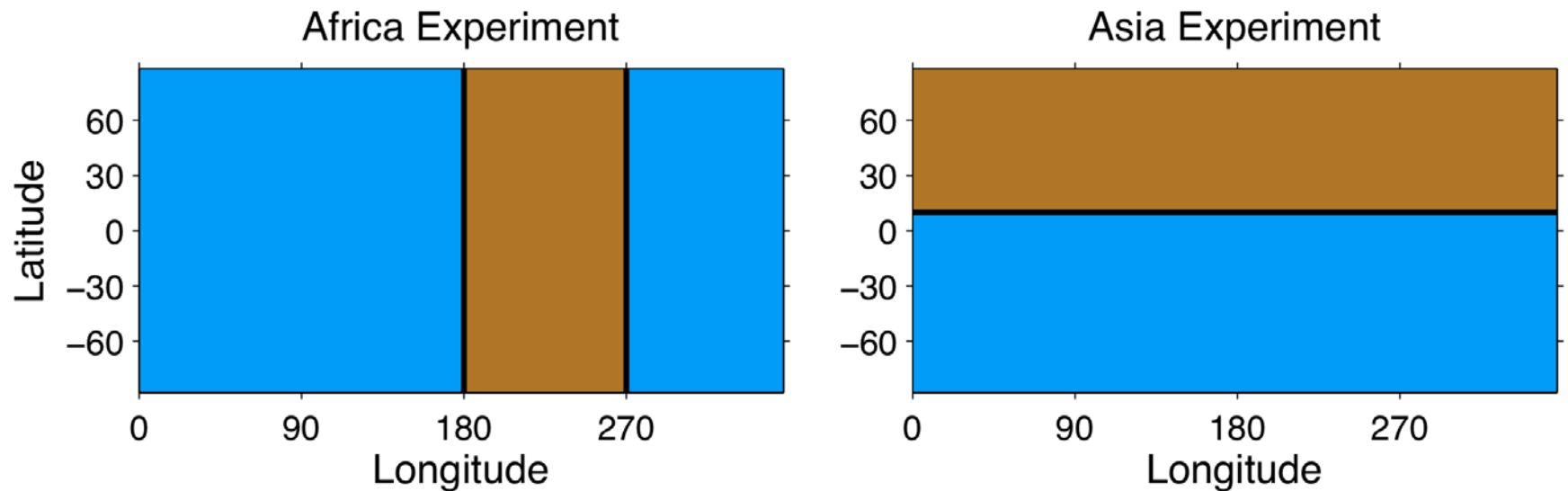
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with Anne Laraia

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# Lessons from aquaplanet experiments

- Land-sea contrast might not be necessary per se for the existence of monsoons;
- Land might be necessary only insofar as it provides a lower boundary with low enough thermal inertia to allow for rapid adjustments of lower level temperature and MSE, and for rain belts to migrate into the subtropics;
- Monsoon transitions are transitions in the leading momentum budget in the Hadley cell, from a regime in which the circulation is constrained by large-scale extratropical eddies to a regime in which the circulation more closely conserves angular momentum.

But land-sea contrast still plays a role

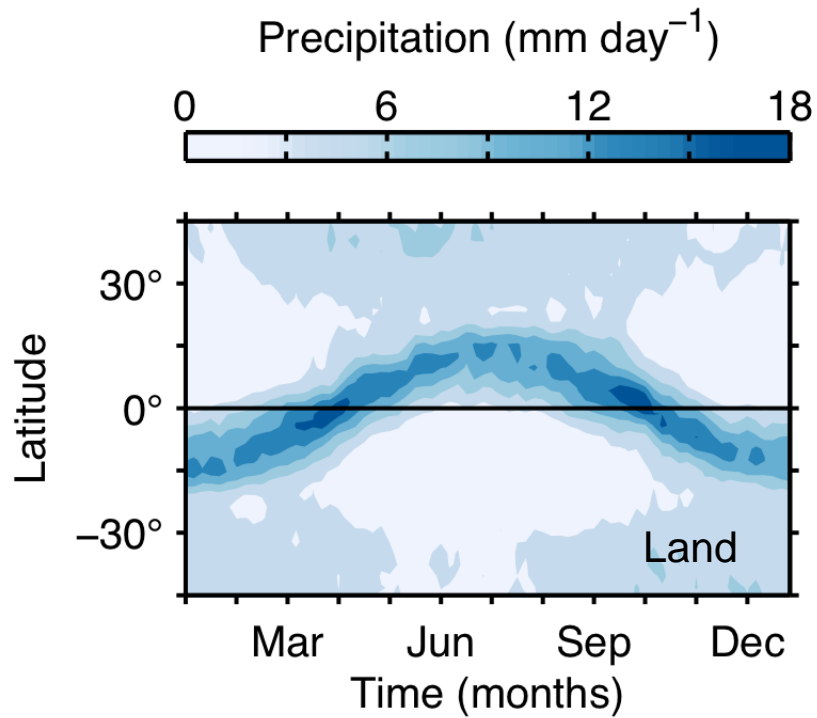


“Land”: 0.2 m mixed layer depth  
“Ocean”: 20 m mixed layer depth } Infinite reservoir of evaporation

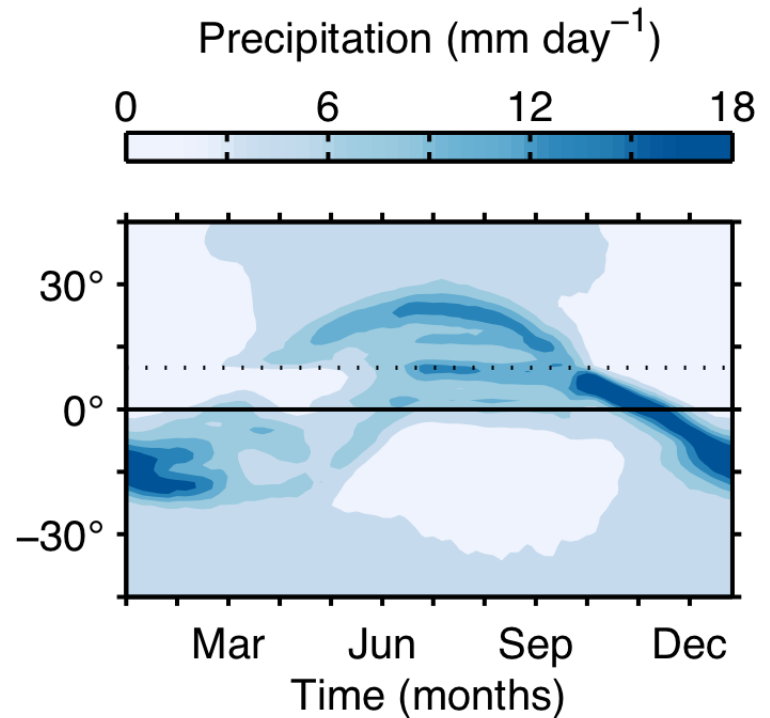
Also “Ocean” transports heat through a prescribed  $q$ -flux

# Simulated precipitation in the two experiments

Africa

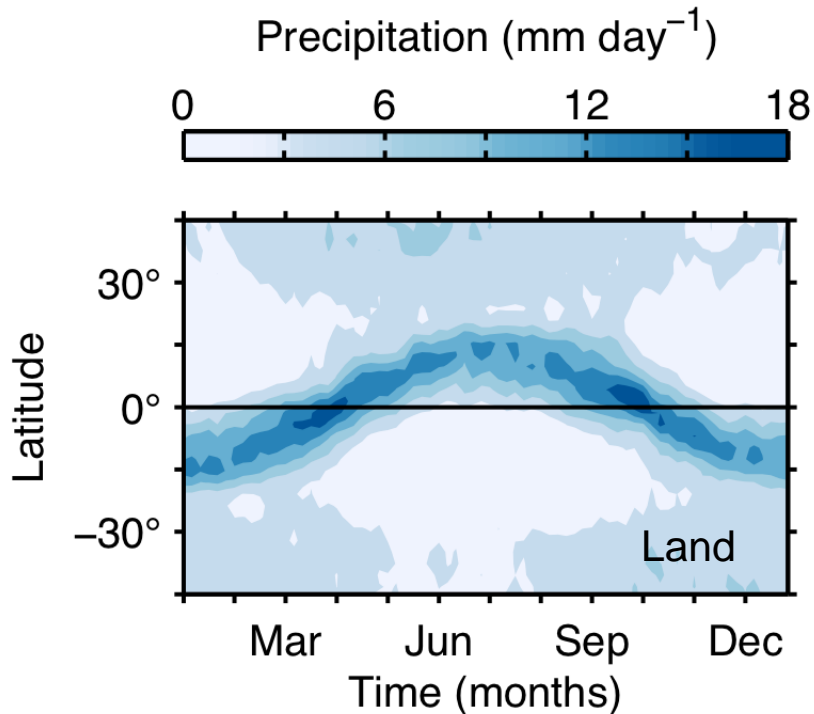


Asia

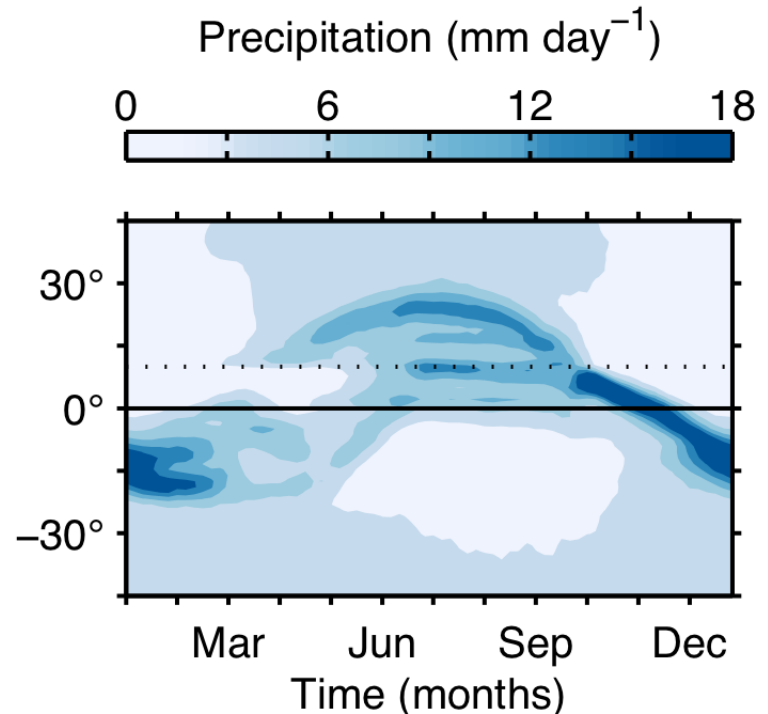


# Simulated precipitation in the two experiments

## Africa

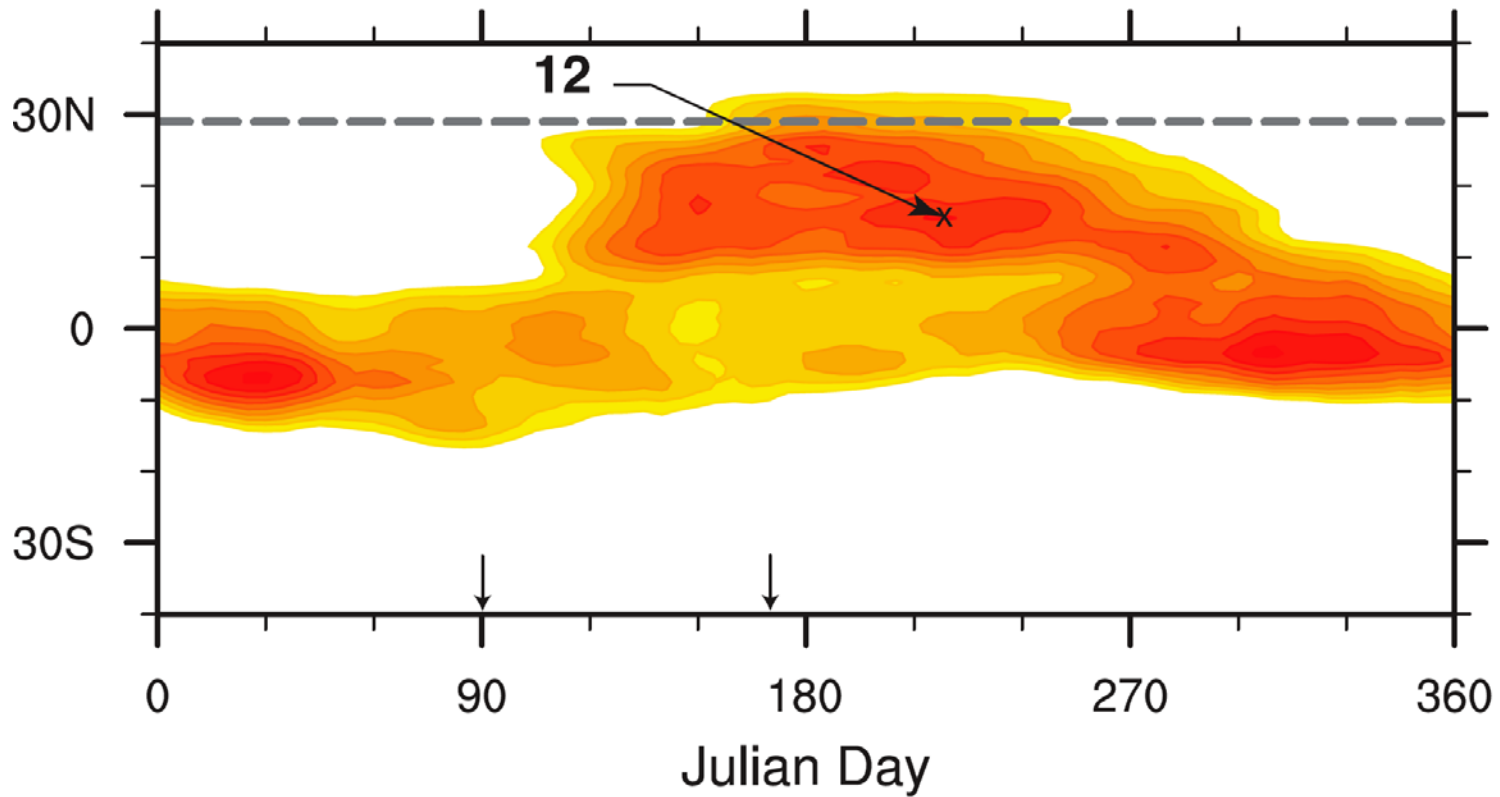


## Asia



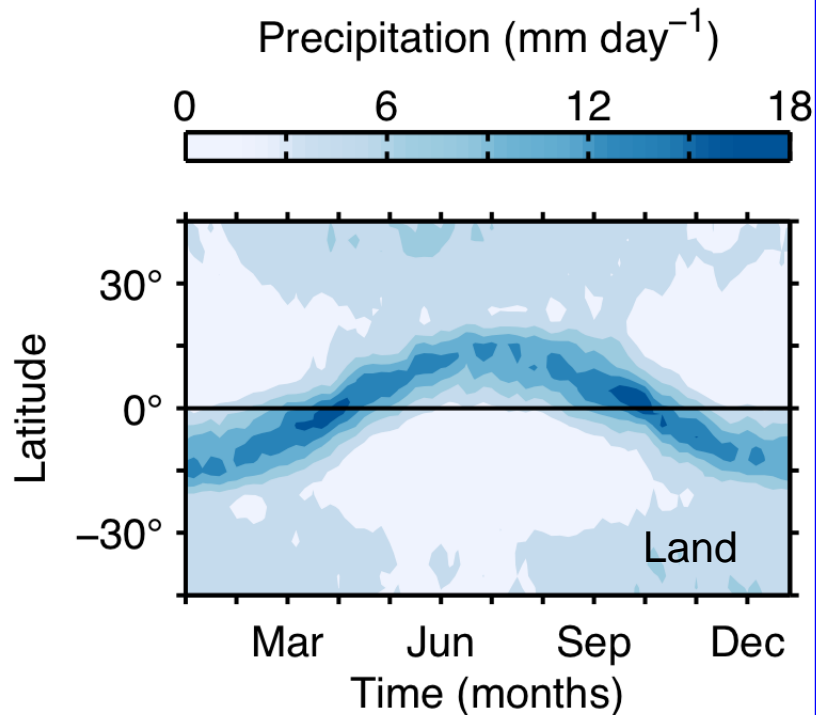
- Ventilation limits the poleward extension of the African monsoon
- Onset is rapid only in the Asia experiment
- But the retreat is not!

## Seasonal cycle of P in Asian monsoon

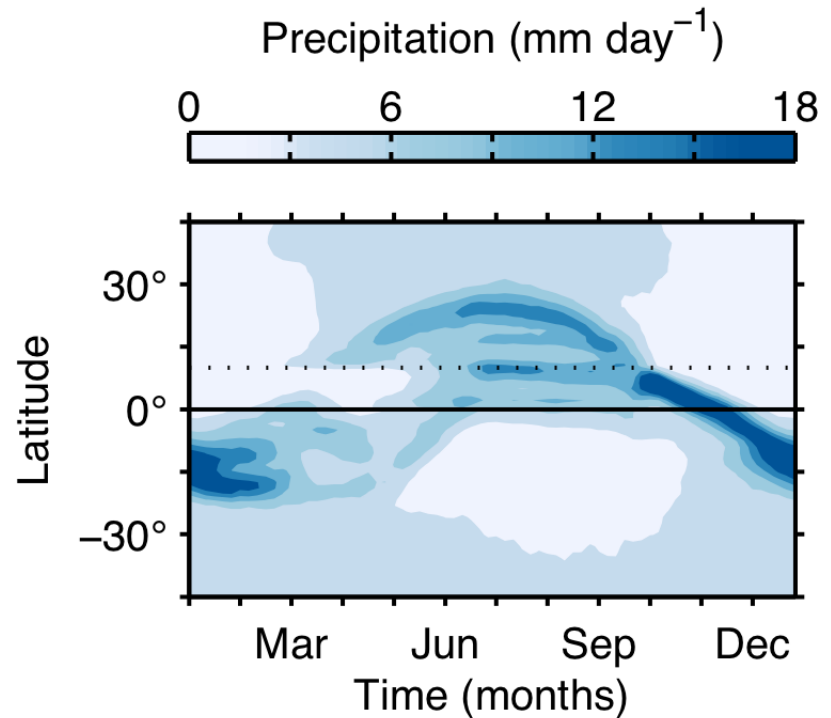


## Simulated precipitation in the two experiments

### Africa

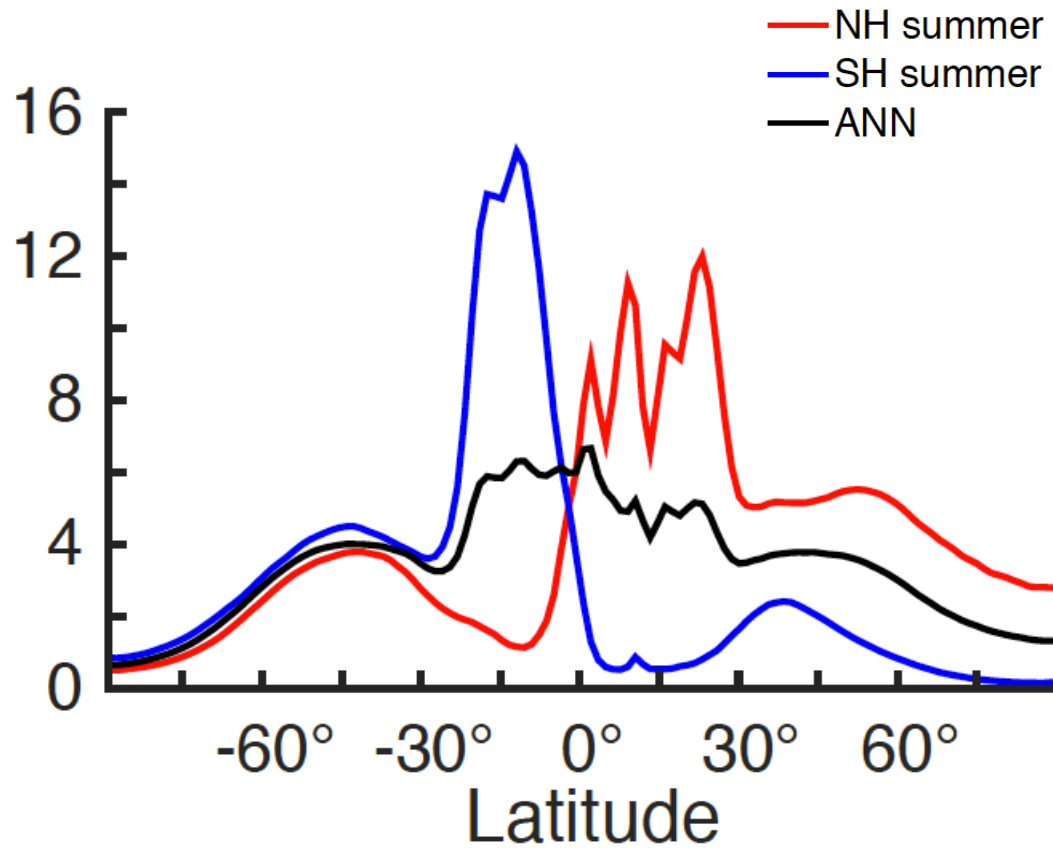


### Asia



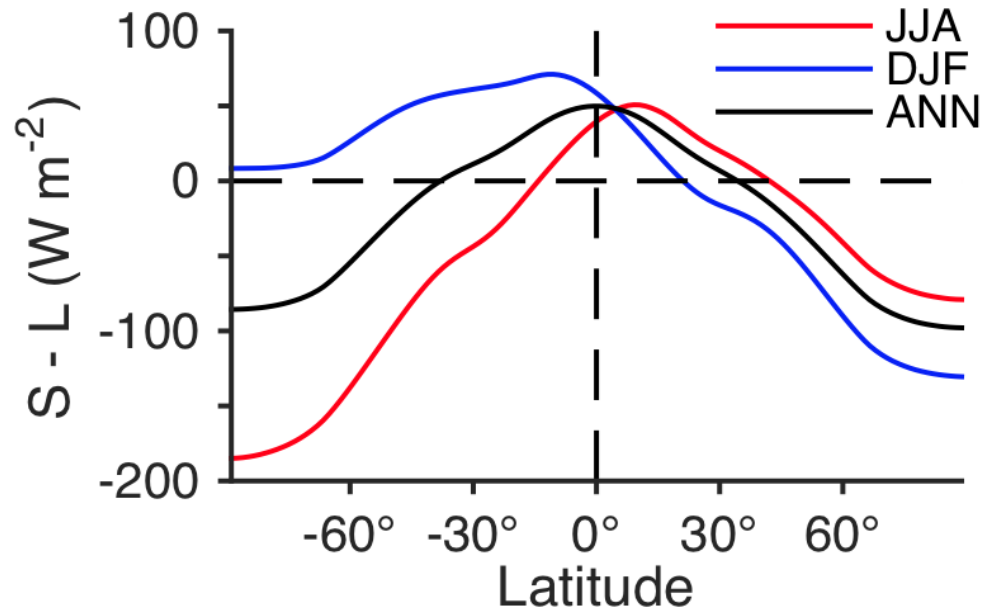
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On the annual mean the ITCZ is in the SH!





## TOA radiative imbalance

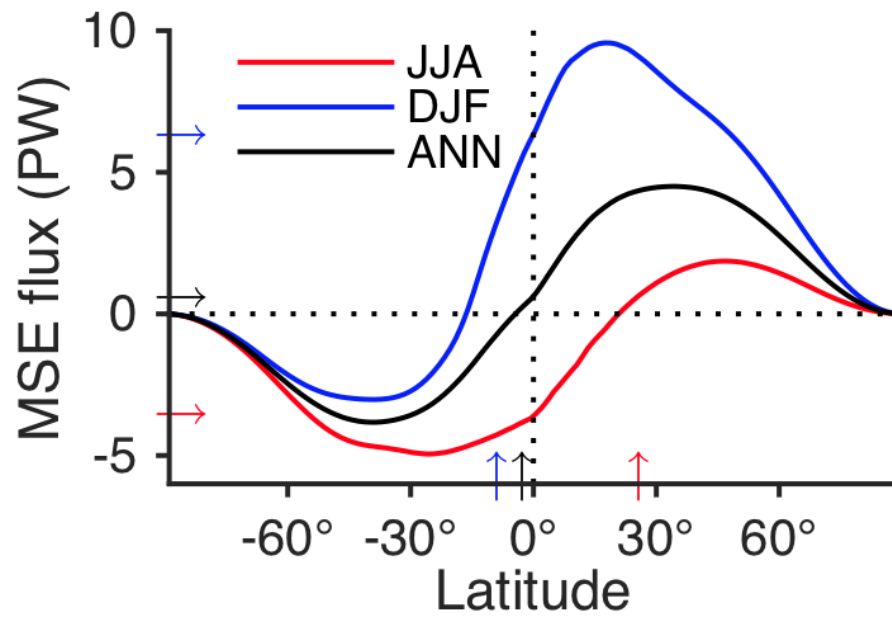


Warm continent in the summer radiates back to space

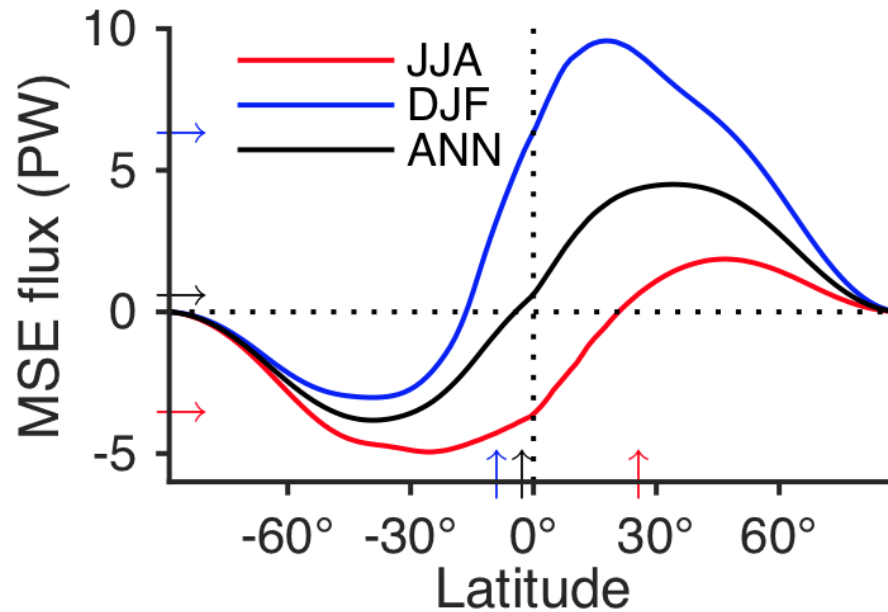
# Questions

- What sets the position of the convergence zones?
- Why is the onset rapid, while the retreat is gradual?

## Energetic constraints

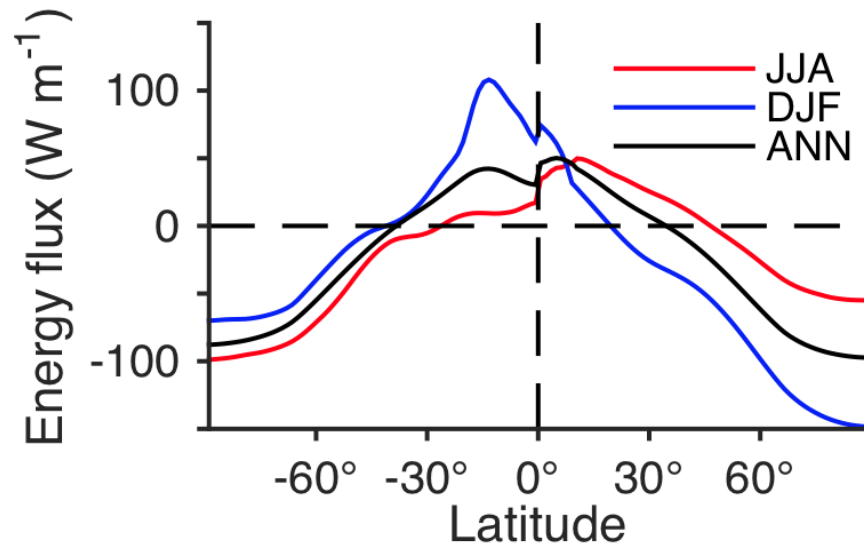


## Energetic constraints



The convergence zone migrates further poleward in the NH, but the cross-equatorial energy transport is smaller!

## Energetic constraints

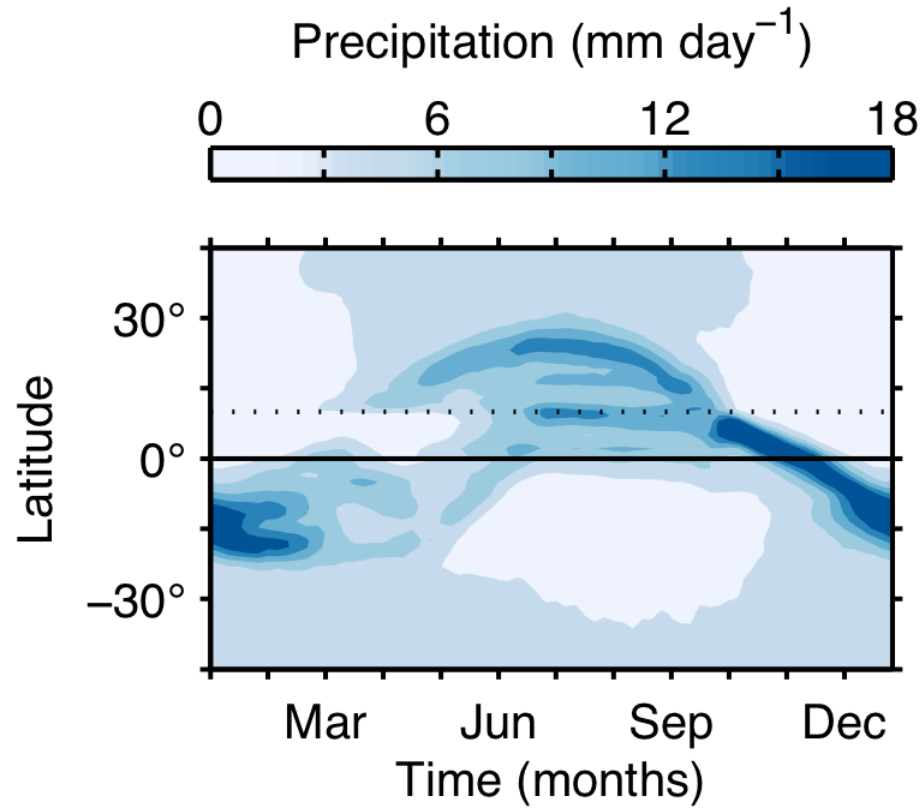


F<sub>net</sub> at equator is approximately twice as large in DJF than in JJA.  
Storage terms (or surface fluxes) play a role!

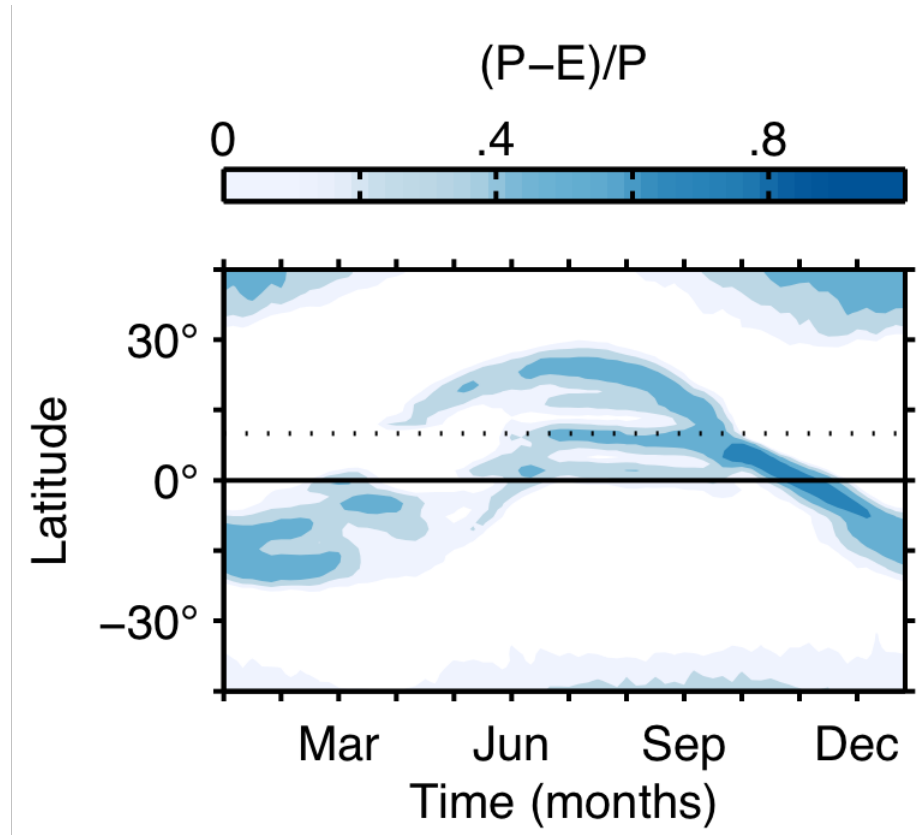
# Questions

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# Seasonal cycle of precipitation

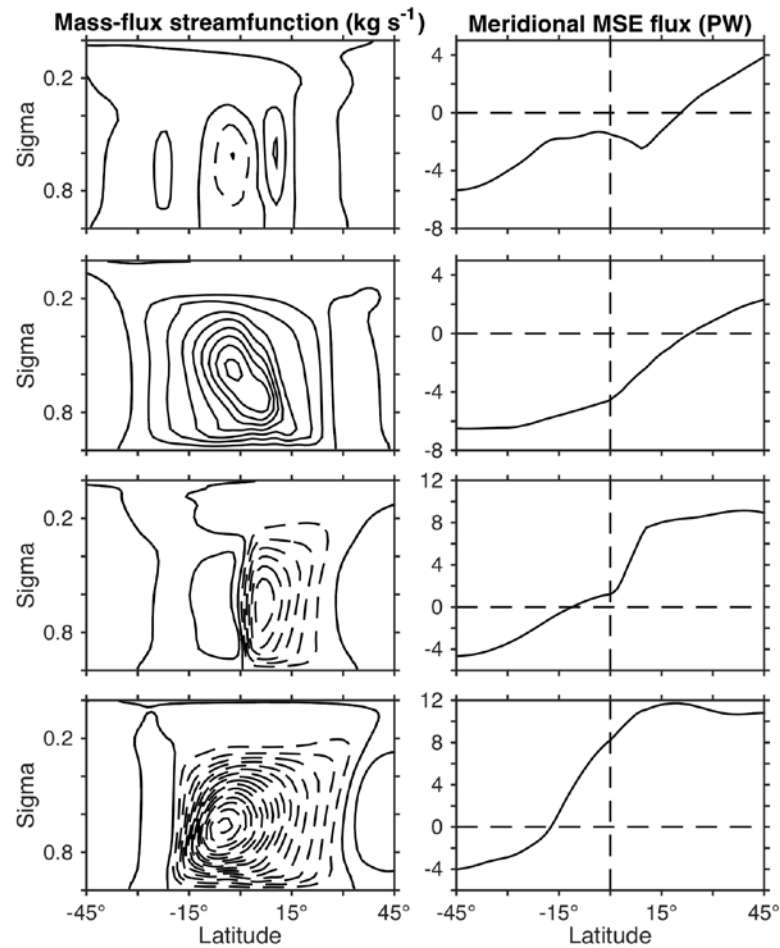


## Seasonal cycle of P - E





# Seasonal cycle of circulation



Maybe it's the dynamics!

# Conclusions

- Despite gross idealizations, rich phenomenology in monsoons over idealized continents;
- Energetic constraints provide useful diagnostics for rain belt positions, but energy storage plays a role (at least in these simulations);
- Dynamics might be important in onset/retreat asymmetry.